

# বিদ্যাসাগর বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়

# VIDYASAGAR UNIVERSITY

### **B.Sc. Honours Examination 2021**

(CBCS)

# 4th Semester

# **PHYSIOLOGY**

#### PAPER—SEC2T & SEC2P

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

# THEORY: SEC2T (COMPUTER APPLICATION IN HEALTH SCIENCE)

#### Group - A

Answer any one question.

 $1 \times 15$ 

- **1.** (a) What is computer hardware? Give some examples. What is mainframe computer?
  - (b) What is MS Word? What are the uses of MS Word?

(3+2+3)+(3+4)

- 2. (a) Explain structure of Windows.
  - (b) Define free and open source software.
  - (c) Write a short note on MS power point.
  - (d) What are the differences between hardware and software?

4+3+4+4

- 3. (a) How will you compute Mean and SD of supplied data using software?
  - (b) How will you create slide in MS power point?
  - (c) How will you create a pie chart in excel with percentage?
  - (d) How will you use clipart, wordart, and picture in MS power point?

# Group - B

Answer any one question.

 $1 \times 10$ 

- **4.** What is the significance of computer in the field of nutrition and diet?
- **5.** Describe computer assisted therapy in health science.

# PRACTICAL: SEC2P

Answer any one question.

 $1 \times 15$ 

1. What is an operating system (OS)? Discuss the main purpose of an OS. Write down two examples of OS. How will you enter any physiological data in MS Excel?

4+6+2+3

2. What is physiological data? Give two examples. With some arbitrary numbers (assumed by the examinee) of A+, B+ and AB+ blood donors (total 100 donors) draw representative bar graph and pie diagram. What is the major difference between a bar graph and a pie diagram?

(3+1)+(4+4)+3

**3.** (a) Draw a histogram for the following frequency distribution of body height (cm) in a sample. How will you create a histogram using this data in excel?

Body height	151-155	156-160	161-165	166-170	171-175
Frequencies	28	24	30	18	37

(b) Why t test is used?

6+5+4

# THEORY: SEC2T (PHYSIOLOGICAL TECHNIQUES AND PUBLIC HEALTH ASSESSMENTS)

### Group - A

Answer any one question.

 $1 \times 15$ 

- 1. (a) What is the significance of nutritional assessment?
  - (b) Define growth chart. What is the importance of BMI-for age chart?
  - (c) Describe the importance of perimetry in clinical physiology.
  - (d) List the factors that affect field of vision.

2+(2+2)+4+5

- 2. (a) Differentiate between 'wasting' and 'stunting' of growth.
  - (b) Explain various methods for assessing the nutritional status of preschool children.
- (c) Write down the public health impact of obesity. 2+8+5 C/21/BSC/4th Sem/PHYH-SEC2T & SEC2P

- 3. (a) Explain the importance of performing EMG in clinical physiology.
  - (b) Describe the types and features of motor unit potentials.
  - (c) How nerve conduction velocity is measured?

5+5+5

#### Group - B

Answer any one question.

 $1 \times 10$ 

- **4.** Give a brief account of ECG with physiological significance of its different waves, complex and intervals.
- **5.** Write short notes on :

5+5

- (a) Deep breathing test,
- (b) Somatotype for adults.

#### PRACTICAL: SEC2P

Answer any one question.

 $1 \times 15$ 

- 1. (a) What is colour blindness?
  - (b) What is the clinical significance of assessment of colour vision?
  - (c) Write down the principle, requirement, and procedure of Ishihara's chart methods of detecting colour vision. 2+3+(3+3+4)
- **2.** What is the principle and procedure of Mosso's ergography to study the phenomenon of fatigue in human skeletal muscles? 5+10
- 3. (a) What is the principle of audiometry?
  - (b) How will you perform Weber's test?

(c) Write down the principle and procedure of assessing socioeconomic status of a family.

3+4+(4+4)

### THEORY: SEC2T (HISTOPATHOLOGICAL TECHNIQUES)

#### Group - A

Answer any one question.

 $1 \times 15$ 

- 1. (a) What is the importance of histopathology?
  - (b) Write down about the quality control in histopathology laboratory.
  - (c) What are the basic requirements for a histopathology laboratory?
  - (d) Give the name of a dye used in negative staining. 5+5+4+1
- **2.** Describe the procedure for preparation of frozen sections. Discuss the types and properties of embedding media. 8+7
- **3.** (a) What is the basic principle of ELISA?
  - (b) What is autoradiography? Write down its applications.
  - (c) What are the advantages and disadvantages of exfoliative cytology?
  - (d) What is mordant? Give example.

3+4+4+(3+1)

#### Group - B

Answer any one question.

 $1 \times 10$ 

- 4. (a) Which type of abnormalities can be detected by cytogenetic techniques?
  - (b) What is karyotyping? State its importance.

4+(3+3)

- 5. (a) What are the applications of animal tissue culture?
  - (b) Write down the principle of DNA hybridization.

5+5

#### PRACTICAL: SEC2P

Answer any one question.

 $1 \times 15$ 

- 1. (a) What is PAP staining?
  - (b) Describe the cells seen in a normal PAP stained vaginal smear.
  - (c) Describe the procedure of hematoxylin and eosin staining.

4+6+5

8+7

- 2. (a) Describe the procedure for preparation of bone marrow smear.
  - (b) How will you measure the diameter of megakaryocytes?
- 3. (a) What is PAS?
  - (b) Discuss the principle, procedure and application of PAS staining.
  - (c) Describe in detail the procedure of histological paraffin section cutting. 2+(3+4+2)+4

# THEORY: SEC2T (SPORTS MEDICINE & NUTRITIONAL PHYSIOLOGY)

#### Group - A

Answer any two questions.

 $2 \times 15$ 

- 1. (a) What are the aims and objectives of sports medicine?
  - (b) Mention the common old age problems of athletes.
  - (c) Write down two weight management strategies for sports persons.
  - (d) Discuss five techniques used to avoid sports injuries. 5+3+2+5
- 2. (a) What kind of sport injuries is termed as abrasion?
  - (b) What are the main reasons for sports injury?
  - (c) Explain briefly strain and sprain.
  - (d) What is friction? What is its significance in the field of games and sports? 2+2+(2+2)+7
- **3.** (a) What are the major muscles used during running?
  - (b) Write a short note on tonic and phasic muscle.
  - (c) Prepare a diet chart of a sports person of national level. 6+4+5
- **4.** (a) Describe the physiological effect of diathermy.
  - (b) State the treatment precautions for using the diathermies.
  - (c) Discuss different forms of energies used with therapeutic modalities.

5+5+5

#### Group - B

Answer any one question.

 $1 \times 10$ 

- **5.** (a) What is the role of various elements of diets on performance of an athlete?
  - (b) What is TENS?
  - (c) Write down the ice treatment protocol.

5+2+3

- **6.** (a) Describe the nutritional interventions for enhancing athletic performances.
  - (b) Describe the sources and functions of different micronutrients.

5+5